

Figure 2-4. Evolution de la prévalence globale standardisée de l'insuffisance rénale terminale traitée par dialyse ou greffe entre 2012 et 2017 (taux standardisés sur la population française au 31/12/2017 par million d'habitants)

**Prévalence 2019**

**55000 dialysés**

**45000  
transplantés**

**Entre 3 et 4  
millions  
de  
MRC stades 3-4**

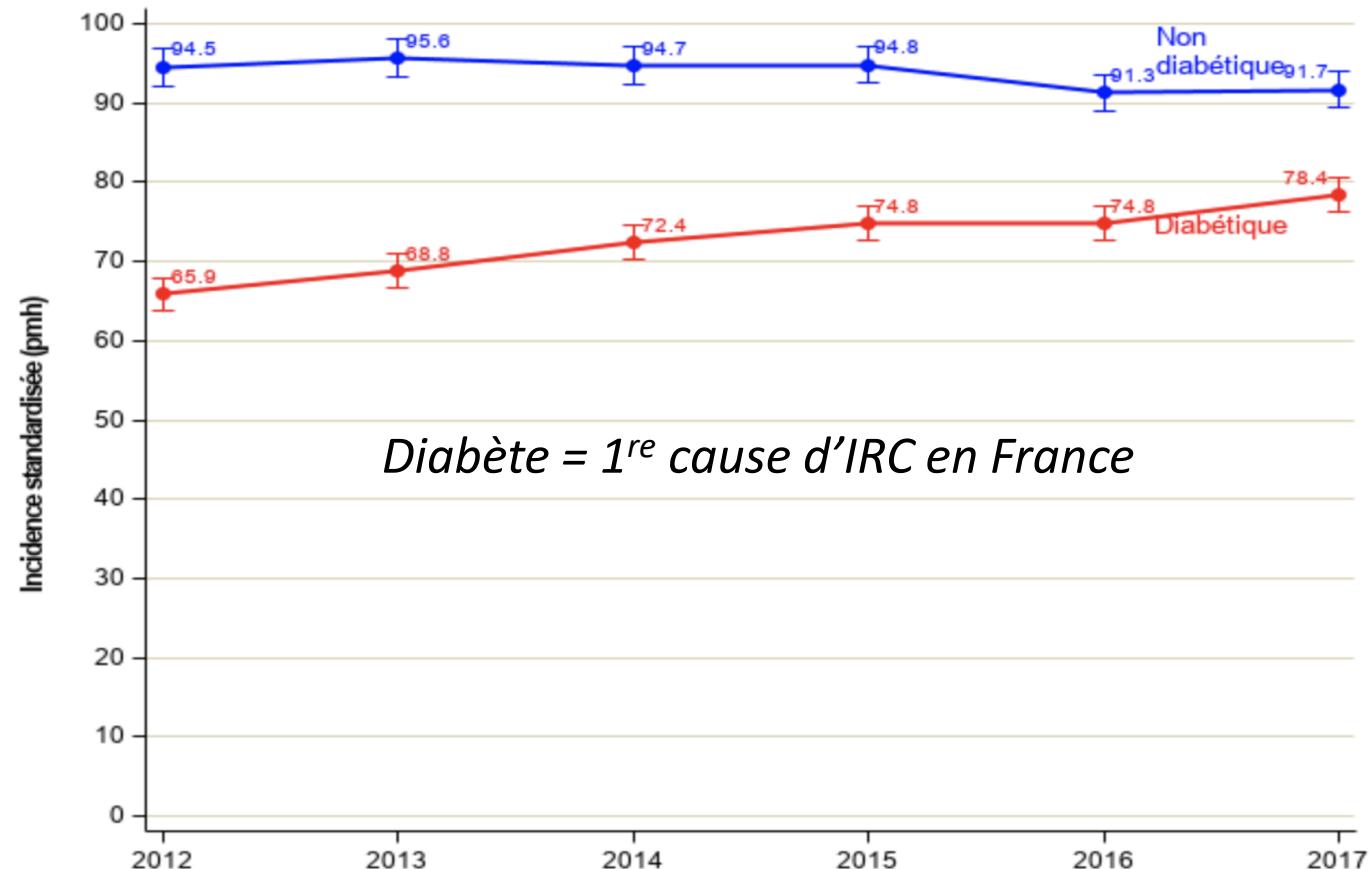
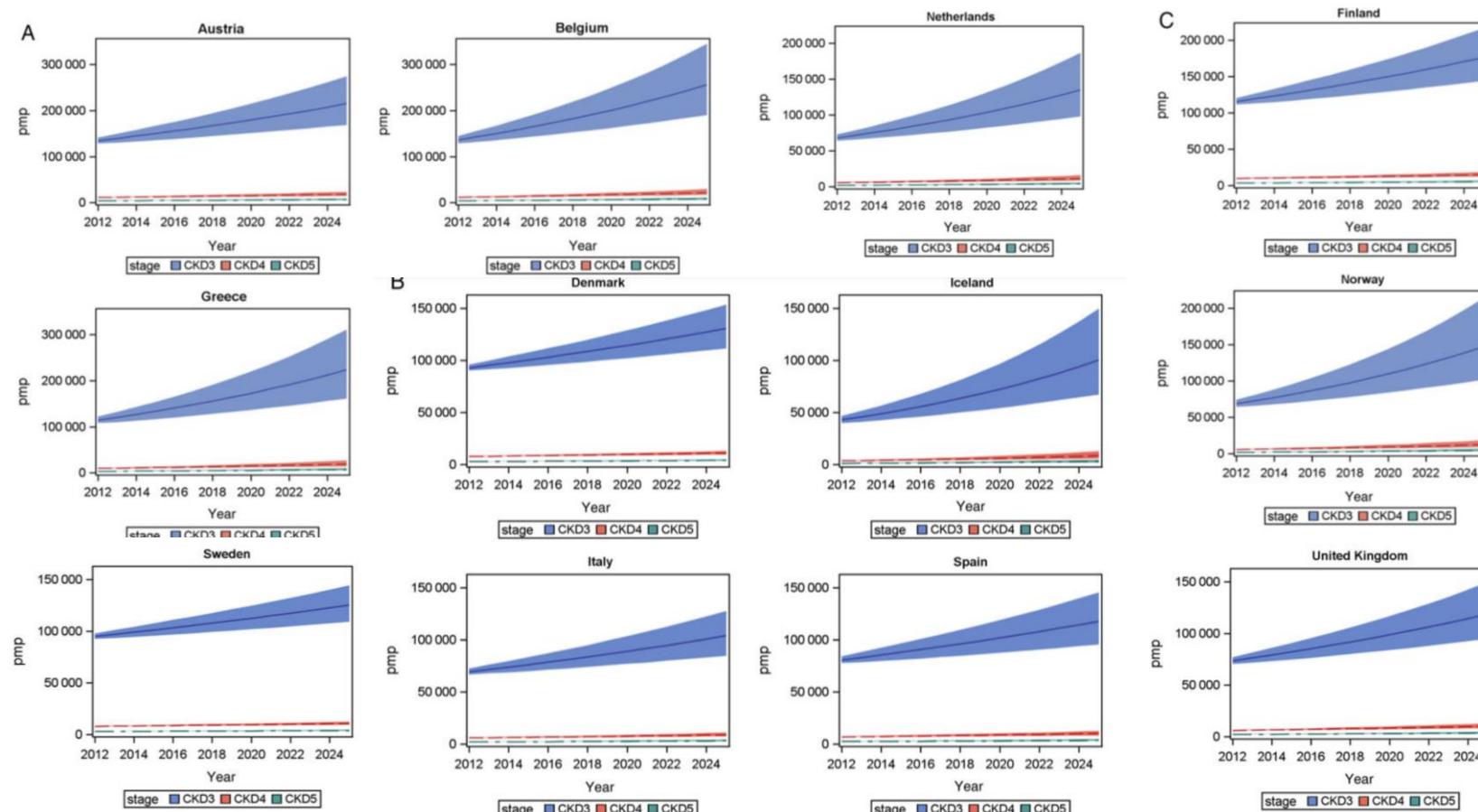


Figure 1-8. Tendance de l'incidence de l'insuffisance rénale terminale associée ou non au diabète  
(taux standardisés sur la population française au 30/06/2017, par million d'habitants)



Prediction of CKD 3, 4 & 5 prevalence in diabetic patients

Kainz A. NDT 2015

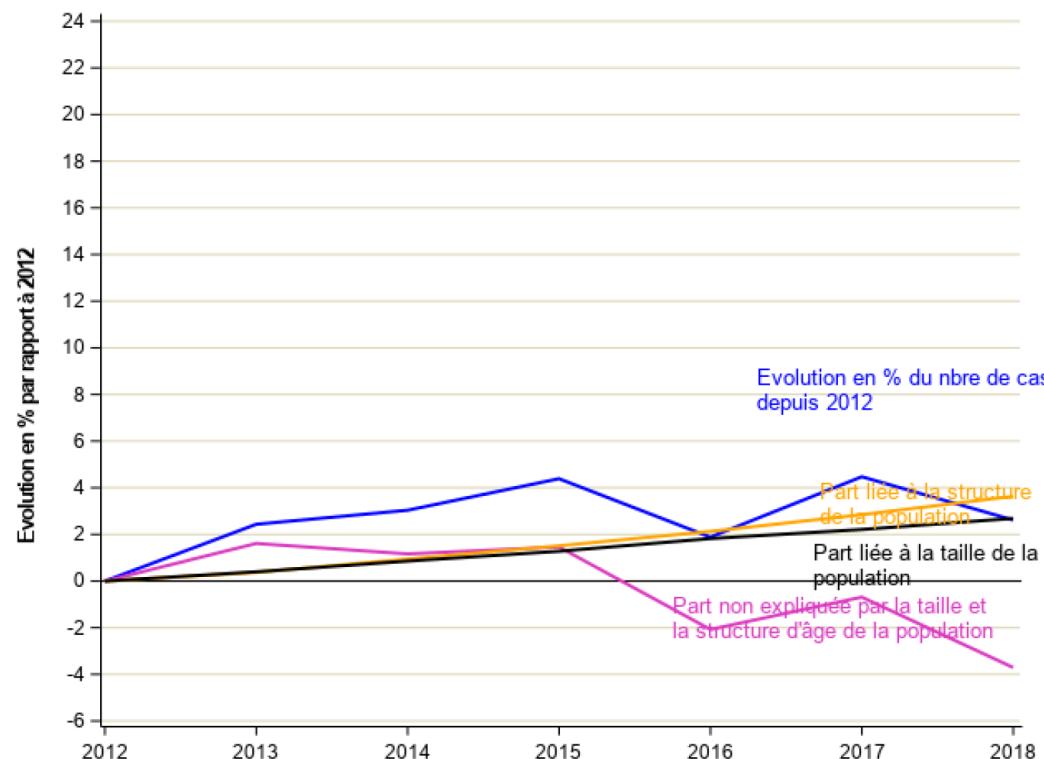


Figure 1-12. Evolution du nombre de malades incidents non diabétiques en insuffisance rénale terminale traitée  
Trends in number of non diabetic treated ESRD patients

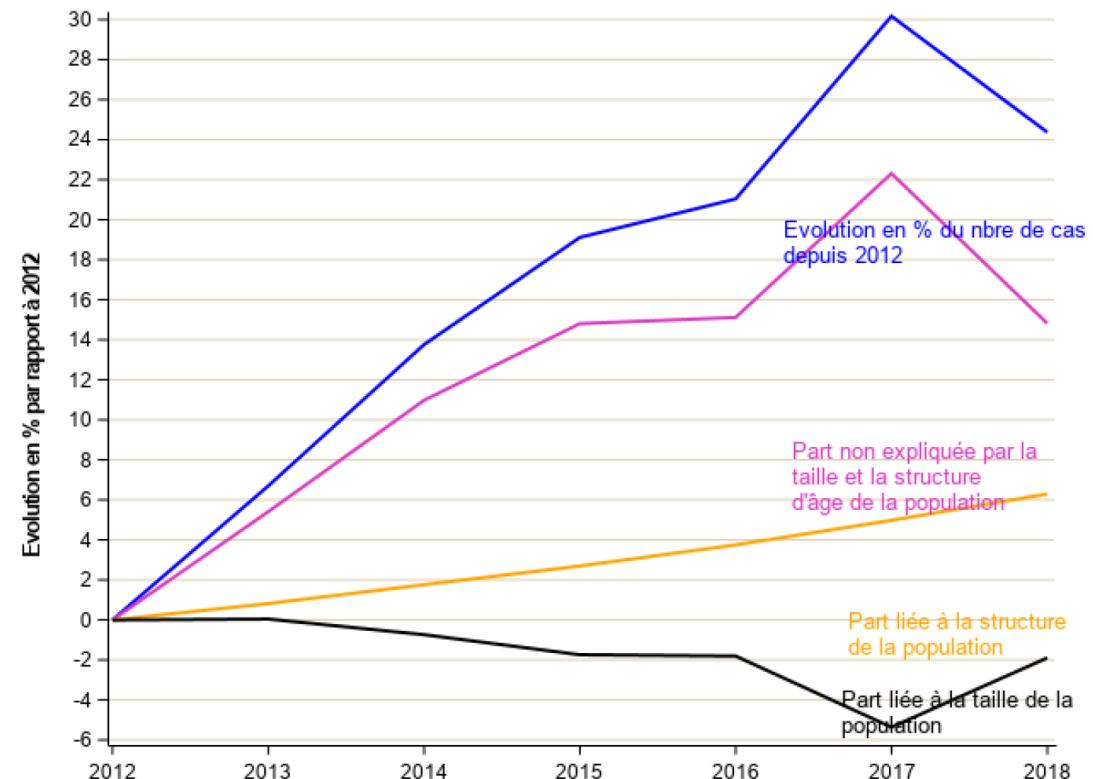


Figure 1-11. Evolution du nombre de malades incidents diabétiques en insuffisance rénale terminale traitée  
Trends in number of treated ESRD patients associated with diabetes

## Stratification du risque, adressage, traitement

			Albuminuria categories Description and range		
			A1	A2	A3
<b>CKD is classified based on:</b>			Normal to mildly increased	Moderately increased	Severely increased
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cause (C)</li> <li>• GFR (G)</li> <li>• Albuminuria (A)</li> </ul>			<30 mg/g <3 mg/mmol	30–299 mg/g 3–29 mg/mmol	≥300 mg/g ≥30 mg/mmol
GFR categories (mL/min/1.73 m <sup>2</sup> ) Description and range	G1	Normal or high	≥90	Screen 1	Treat 1
	G2	Mildly decreased	60–89	Screen 1	Treat 1
	G3a	Mildly to moderately decreased	45–59	Treat 1	Treat 2
	G3b	Moderately to severely decreased	30–44	Treat 2	Treat and refer 3
	G4	Severely decreased	15–29	Treat and refer* 3	Treat and refer* 3
	G5	Kidney failure	<15	Treat and refer 4+	Treat and refer 4+

Low risk (if no other markers of kidney disease, no CKD)  
 High risk  
 Moderately increased risk  
 Very high risk